Secondary Form Mathematics Extended Part Module 1 (Calculus and Statistics)

	Learning Unit	Learning Objective
1	Binomial expansion	1.1 recognize the expansion of $(a+b)^n$, where n is a positive
		integer
2	Exponential and	2.1 recognize the definition of the number e and the
	logarithmic functions	exponential series $e^{x} = 1 + x + \frac{x^{2}}{2!} + \frac{x^{3}}{3!} +$
		2.2 recognize exponential functions and logarithmic functions
		2.3 use exponential functions and logarithmic functions to
		solve problems
		2.4 transform $y = kx^n$ and $y = ka^x$ to linear relations, where
		a, n and k are real numbers, $a > 0$ and $a \neq 1$
3	Derivative of a	3.1 recognize the intuitive concept of the limit of a function
	function	3.2 find the limits of algebraic functions, exponential functions
		and logarithmic functions
		3.3 recognize the concept of the derivative of a function from
		first principles
		3.4 recognize the slope of the tangent of the curve $y=f(x)$ at a
		point $x = x_0$
4	Differentiation of a	4.1 understand the addition rule, product rule, quotient rule and
	function	chain rule of differentiation
		4.2 find the derivatives of algebraic functions, exponential
		functions and logarithmic functions
5	Second derivative	5.1 recognize the concept of the second derivative of a
		function
		5.2 find the second derivative of an explicit function
6	Applications of	6.1 use differentiation to solve problems involving tangents,
	differentiation	rates of change, maxima and minima
7	Indefinite integrals	7.1 recognize the concept of indefinite integration
	and their	7.2 understand the basic properties of indefinite integrals and
	applications	basic integration formulae
		7.3 use basic integration formulae to find the indefinite
		integrals of algebraic functions and exponential functions
		7.4 use integration by substitution to find indefinite integrals
		7.5 use indefinite integration to solve problems

8	Definite integrals	8.1 recognize the concept of definite integration
	and their	8.2 recognize the Fundamental Theorem of Calculus and
	applications	understand the properties of definite integrals
		8.3 find the definite integrals of algebraic functions and
		exponential functions
		8.4 use integration by substitution to find definite integrals
		8.5 use definite integration to find the areas of plane figures
		8.6 use definite integration to solve problems
9	Approximation of	9.1 understand the trapezoidal rule and use it to estimate the
	definite integrals	values of definite integrals
	using the	
	trapezoidal rule	
10	Conditional	10.1 understand the concepts of conditional probability and
	probability and	independent events
	independence	10.2 use the laws $P(A \cap B) = P(A) P(B \mid A)$ and $P(D \mid C) =$
		P(D) for independent events C and D to solve problems
11	Bayes' theorem	11.1 use Bayes' theorem to solve simple problems
12	Discrete random	12.1 recognize the concept of a discrete random variable
	variables	
13	Probability	13.1 recognize the concept of discrete probability distribution
	distribution,	and its representation in the form of tables, graphs and
	expectation and	mathematical formulae
	variance	13.2 recognize the concepts of expectation $E(X)$ and variance
		VarX and use them to solve simple problems
		13.3 use the formulae $E(aX+b)=aE(X)+b$ and
-		$Var(aX + b) = a^2 Var(X)$ to solve simple problems
14	Binomial	14.1 recognize the concept and properties of the binomial
	distribution	distribution
		14.2 calculate probabilities involving the binomial distribution
15	Geometric	15.1 recognize the concept and properties of the geometric
	distribution	distribution
		15.2 calculate probabilities involving the geometric
		distribution
16	Poisson distribution	16.1 recognize the concept and properties of the Poisson
		distribution
		16.2 calculate probabilities involving the Poisson distribution

17	Applications of	17.1 use binomial, geometric and Poisson distributions to solve
	binomial, geometric	problems
	and Poisson	
	distributions	
18	Basic definition and	18.1 recognize the concepts of continuous random variables
	properties	and continuous probability distributions, with reference to
		the normal distribution
		18.2 recognize the concept and properties of the normal
		distribution
19	Standardization of a	19.1 standardize a normal variable and use the standard normal
	normal variable and	table to find probabilities involving the normal distribution
	use of the standard	
	normal table	
20	Applications of the	20.1 find the values of $P(X > x_1)$, $P(X < x_2)$,
	normal distribution	$P(x_1 < X < x_2)$ and related probabilities, given the values
		of x_1 and x_2 , μ and σ , where $X \sim N(\mu, \sigma^2)$
		20.2 find the values of x, given the values of $P(X>x)$, $P(X,$
		$P(a < X < x)$, $P(x < X < b)$ or a related probability, where $X \sim$
		$N(\mu, \sigma^2)$
		20.3 use the normal distribution to solve problems
21	Sampling	21.1 recognize the concepts of sample statistics and population
	distribution and	parameters
	point estimates	21.2 recognize the sampling distribution of the sample mean
		from a random sample of size <i>n</i>
		21.3 recognize the concept of point estimates including the
		sample mean, sample variance and sample proportion
		21.4 recognize Central Limit Theorem
22	Confidence interval	22.1 recognize the concept of confidence interval
	for a population	22.2 find the confidence interval for a population mean
	mean	
23	Confidence interval	23.1 find an approximate confidence interval for a population
	for a population	proportion
	proportion	
24	Inquiry and	Through various learning activities, discover and construct
	investigation	knowledge, further improve the ability to inquire,
		communicate, reason and conceptualize mathematical concepts